

FOOTNOTES

¹ Universities in Germany (incl. Medicine). Sources: Destatis 2019, Personal an Hochschulen, 2018, Fachserie 11, Reihe 4.4., S. 34-37. / Destatis 2019, Studierende an Hochschulen 2018, Fachserie 11, Reihe 4.1., S.69 / Destatis 2019, Prüfungen an Hochschulen, 2018, Fachserie 11, Reihe 4.2. S.58, S.28. / Destatis 2020, Statistik der Promovierenden Berichtsjahr 2019, S. 7, S. 12 / Gehlke et al. (2018), CHE Teilzeitstudium-Check 2018/19, CHE Arbeitspapier NR. 213, S. 37f./ Nickel et al. (2020), Update 2020: Studieren ohne Abitur in Deutschland, CHE Arbeitspapier Nr. 228., S. 29.

² Staff at University of Jena (excl. university hospital), including those on leave of absence , Reference date: 31.12.2018.

³ Based on voluntary information.

⁴ In undergraduate/basic programs (including masters degree).

⁵ Winter semester 2018/19.

⁶ Proportion related to students in undergraduate programs (including Master's degree).

⁷ Data on German higher education institutions (all types) in winter semester 2016/17, including the FernUniversität Hagen. source: Gehlke et al. (2018), p 38.

⁸ Students without a general higher education entrance qualification, with completed vocational training or a comparable subject-related qualification.

⁹ Special CHE report based on data from the Federal Statistical Office. Data for German higher education institutions (all types) in reporting year 2018. Source: Nickel et al. (2020), p 29.

¹⁰ The Maternity Protection Act (Mutterschutzgesetz - MuSchG) also applies to female students since 2018.

¹¹ Proportion of students participating in the 21st Social Survey of Deutsches Studentenwerk (in 2016) at Jena university (N=313) and at universities in Germany (N=34138), who provided information on health and indicated a health impairment that impedes their studies. Source: Middendorff et al. (2017).

¹² Proportion of students participating in the 21st Social Survey of Deutsches Studentenwerk (in 2016) at Jena university (N=324) and at universities in Germany (N=35745), who provided information on the educational background of their parents. A person comes from an academic home, if one or both parent(s) have an academic degree. Source: Middendorff et al. (2017).

¹³ Examination year 2018 (winter semester 2017/2018 and summer semester 2018).

¹⁴ Number of doctoral candidates registered in Doc-In. Reference date 1.12.2018. Doctoral candidates in Germany with reference date 1.12.2019.

¹⁵ Kalender years 2016 to 2018.

¹⁶ Source: Destatis 2020, Bildung und Kultur, Statistik der Habilitations, <https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis/online?sequenz=tabelleErgebnis&selectionname=21351-0001#abreadcrumb>.

n.a.: Information is not available.

FRIEDRICH-SCHILLER-UNIVERSITÄT JENA

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DIVERSITY AT A GLANCE

Factsheet

2018

www.uni-jena.de/vpwng
www.uni-jena.de/fairmiteinander

STAFF

Number of Persons	Uni Jena (excl. Medicine)	Germany ¹⁾
academic staff²⁾	2 072	209 994
female	38,8%	41,0%
male	61,2%	59,0%
of international origin [proportion of academic staff]	359 [17,9%]	n.a.
female	44,0%	-
male	56,0%	-
by age group		
[proportion of women]	2 072 [38,8%]	n.a.
< 40 years	68,3% [41,9%]	-
40-59 year	27,3% [35,4%]	-
60 years & older	4,4% [11,0%]	-
With family obligations		
of which in maternity leave	56	n.a.
of which in parental leave	139	n.a.
female	57,6%	-
male	42,4%	-
Professors	293	24 683
female	23,9%	24,7%
male	76,1%	75,3%
of international origin	8,5%	n.a.
Mid level positions, without doctorate	1 072	n.a.
female	42,4%	-
male	57,6%	-
of international origin	18,7%	-
Mid level positions, with doctorate	707	n.a.
female	39,5%	-
male	60,5%	-
of international origin	19,0%	-
Non-academic staff²⁾	1 368	271 527
female	62,8%	72,1%
male	37,2%	27,9%
of international origin	1,1%	n.a.
by age group [proportion of women]		
	1 368 [62,8%]	n.a.
< 40 years	38,1% [61,6%]	-
40-59 years	49,2% [66,0%]	-
60 years & older	12,7% [66,7%]	-
of which with severe disability [proportion of women] ³⁾	6,4% [59,8%]	n.a.

Number of Persons	Uni Jena (excl. Medicine)	Germany ¹⁾
Non-academic staff		
in maternity leave	29	n.a.
in parental leave ²⁾	71	n.a.
female	64,8%	-
male	35,2%	-

STUDENTS

Number of persons	Uni Jena total	Germany ¹⁾
Students⁴⁾⁵⁾	15 620	1 753 670
female	55,7%	51,0%
male	44,3%	49,0%
Of international origin [proportion of students] ⁵⁾	1 783	257 913
	[11,4%]	[14,7%]
female	60,6%	49,2%
male	39,4%	50,8%
Students in 1st subject-related semester⁴⁾⁵⁾	4 266	429 462
female	54,6%	52,8%
male	45,4%	47,2%
of international origin [proportion of women]	12,0%	17,2%
	[57,4%]	[50,2%]
part-time students	287	201 541
[proportion of students] ⁶⁾⁷⁾	[1,8%]	[7,2%]
female	57,1%	k.A.
male	42,9%	k.A.
professionally qualified students	256	62 107
[proportion of students] ⁶⁾⁸⁾⁹⁾	[1,6%]	[2,1%]
female	39,5%	46,5%
male	60,5%	53,5%
maternity/parental leave [proportion of students] ⁶⁾¹⁰⁾	144	n.a.
	[0,9%]	
female	95,1%	-
male	4,9%	-
With health impairments (proportion of students surveyed) ³⁾¹¹⁾	12,7%	11,9%
female	12,2%	13,0%
male	11,5%	10,2%
With nonacademic family background (proportion of students surveyed) ³⁾¹²⁾	37,2%	39,6%
female	36,2%	41,2%
male	39,2%	38,1%

Number of Persons	Uni Jena total	Germany ¹⁾
Graduates (total)⁴⁾¹³⁾	2 885	269 176
female	59,1%	53,7%
male	40,9%	46,3%
of international origin	12,2%	n.a.
Bachelor Graduates⁴⁾¹³⁾	1 100	106 055
female	61,1%	52,5%
male	38,9%	47,5%
of international origin	4,7%	n.a.
Master Graduates⁴⁾¹³⁾	1 086	93 853
female	55,6%	45,7%
male	44,4%	54,3%
of international origin	25,5%	n.a.

YOUNG RESEARCHERS

Number of Persons	Uni Jena total	Germany ¹⁾
doctoral candidates¹⁴⁾	3 459	180 591
female	49,3%	46,4%
male	50,7%	53,6%
of international origin [proportion of doctoral candidates]	789	41 773
	[22,8%]	[23,1%]
female	45,9%	46,7%
male	54,1%	53,3%
average age (Median) in years	30,0	29,9
with parenthood [proportion of doctoral candidates] ³⁾¹⁴⁾	553	n.a.
female	49,4%	-
male	50,6%	-
of international origin	16,6%	-
doctoral degrees¹³⁾	543	27 627
female	51,2%	45,2%
male	48,8%	54,8%
of international origin	18,0%	18,8%
habilitation¹⁵⁾¹⁶⁾	86	4 696
female	36,0%	30,4%
male	64,0%	69,6%
of international origin	10,5%	11,2%